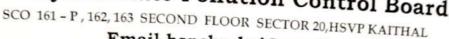
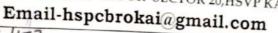


## **Regional Office** Haryana State Pollution Control Board,







No. HSPCB/KAI/2023/ 473

To

The Deputy Commissioner Jind

Dated: 21/06/2023 proved

Sub: Preparation of District Environment Plan/State Environment Plan in pursuance of Hon'ble National Green Tribunal's Order dated 26.09.2019 in case O.A No. 360/2018-reg.

Deputy Commissione In this connection, pls find the compiled District Environment Plan enclosed Jind herewith as per the template provided by CPCB and the detail provided by the concerned Departments

It is requested to your goodself that the same may be approved, please.

Regional Officer, Jind Region at Kaithal

Endst. No. HSPCB/KAI/2023/

Dated:

A Copy of above is forwarded to the Member Secretary, Haryana State Pollution Control Board, Panchkula for information pls.

> Regional Officer, Jind Region at Kaithal

> > Scanned with CamScanner

# **District Environment Plan**

District Jind (Haryana)

# District Administration & Haryana State Pollution Control Board at Kaithal

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### **1.0 District Profile**

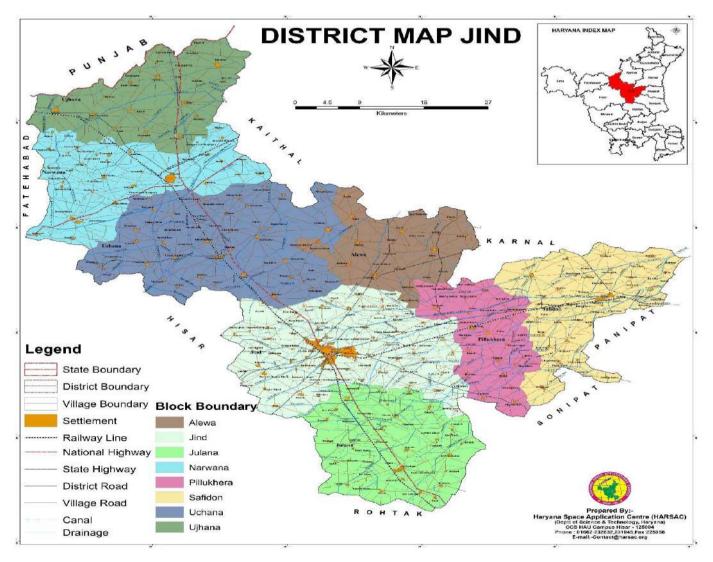
Jind is a town in Jind District, Haryana state, India. Jind is one of the 22 districts of Haryana state in northern India.Jind town is the district headquarters. It is one of the oldest districts of Haryana. It is one of the first Sikh Kingdoms. It lies in central Haryana and is the fourth district of the Jat belt (i.e Sonipat, Rohtak, Hissar, Jind).The city is clean. Rani Talab is the major tourist attraction and Pandu-Pidara and Ramrai are the main devotional places attracting devotees for Amaavas bath.

Jind town has a Arjun stadium, milk plant, cattle feed plant, Bulbul restaurant and a large grain market. There are facilities for stay at PWD rest house, canal rest house and market committee rest house. The town is well provided with schools, colleges, hospitals and other basic amenities. Jind is noted for its numerous temples sacred to the worship of Shiva. Tradition assigns the settlement of the town to the Mahabharat period.

The district derives its name from its headquarters town Jind that is said to be a corruption of Jaintapuri. It is also said that this town had been founded at the time of Mahabharta. According to an old saying the Pandavas built a temple in honour of Jainti Devi (the goddess of victory), offered prayers for success, and then launched the battle with the Kauravas. The town grew up around the temple and was named Jaintapuri (Abode of Jainti Devi) which later on came to be known as Jind.

According to the legend, the Pandavas built here a temple in honor of Jainti Devi (the goddess of victory) and offered prayers for success in their battle against the Kouravas. The town grew up around the temple and was named Jaintapuri, (abode of Jainti Devi) which in course of time corrupted to Jind. Raja Gajpat Singh in 1755 seized a large tract of country including the present districts of Jind from the Afghan and made Jind the capital of the state in 1776. He made a fort here in 1775. Later, Sangrur was chosen as capital of Jind State by Raja Sangat Singh (1822 to 1834 AD)

#### a. District Administrative Set-up



The district comprises four sub-divisions: Jind, Narwana, Safidon and Uchana. Jind sub-division is further divided into two tehsils: Jind and Julana. Narwana, Uchana and Safidon sub-divisions comprise only one tehsil each, Narwana, Uchana and Safidon respectively. There are five Vidhan Sabha constituencies in this district: Julana, Safidon, Jind, Uchana Kalan and Narwana.

Sub divisions	Jind, Safidon, Uchana, Narwana
Tehsils	Jind, Julana, Safidon, Uchana, Narwana
Municipal Council	Jind and Narwana
Municipal Committee	Safidon, Julana, Uchana

#### b. Geography & Demography

The district lies in the North of Haryana between 29°03'00" to 29°51'00" North latitude and 75°53'00" to 76°45'30" East longitude falling in the Survey of India toposheet No. 53C and 44O. It is bounded by Patiala in the North and Sangrur district of Punjab in the northeast. It is surrounded by district Kaithal and Karnal of Haryana in east and west respectively. In southwest it has a common boundary with district Hissar, whereas in south and southeast it shares its boundary with Rohtak and Sonipat respectively. Jind district encompasses a geographical area of 2702 Sq.km.

As per Census of India 2011, Jind district had population of 13,34,152 of which male and female were 7,13,006 and 6,21,146 respectively. The decadal growth in population of the district has been 12.13%, in comparison to 2001 census. As per Census of India 2011, the 24 population density of Jind district was 494 people per sq. km. As per Census of India 2011, the literacy rate in the district was 71.4 per cent whereas it was 62.1 per cent during 2001 Census. In Jind district, Jind block has the highest population (358737) whereas Alewa block has the lowest (89541)

Demographic Label	Value
Area	2702 Sq Km
No. of C.D Blocks	7
Total Population	1,334,152
No. of Litrates	832,758
No. of Cultivators	172,682
No. of Litrates(SC)	149,472
No. of Sub Divisions	4
No. of Scheduled Castes population	282,351
No. of Gram Panchayats	300
No. of Municipalities	5
No. of Urban Population	305,583
No. of Rural Population	1,028,569
No. of Villages	306

#### c. Land-use pattern

As per the information provided by the Agriculture Department, total geographical area of the district is 2,74,024 ha. Net area under cultivation of different crops is 2,38,826 ha. The share of net area sown to total geographical area is 87.15 per cent. The cropping intensity of the district is 198%. Out of gross cropped area of 4,73,451 ha (exclusive of horticulture crops) in the district, 4,58,364 ha (or 96.81%) is irrigated while 15,087 ha (3.19%) is rainfed. The cropped area is irrigated by either surface water sources or ground water sources or both. The cropped area irrigated by surface water sources is about 2,17,922 hectares (46%) and by ground water sources is about3,13,102 hectares (66.13%). There are only two cropping seasons namely Kharif and Rabi in the district. Kharif crops have a share of 2,35,422 ha (or 49.72%), and Rabi crops have a share of 2,38,029 ha (or 50.28%).Paddy, Cotton and Sugarcane are the Major crops cultivated in kharif season with an area share of 48.79 per cent, 26.77 per cent and 12.10 per cent respectively. In rabi season, 91 per cent area, i.e. 2,16,610 ha was covered under wheat. Other major crops cultivated during Rabi season include Sugarcane and Sarson.

#### d. Climate

The climate of this district is on the whole dry, hot in summer and cold in winter. The year may be divided into four seasons. The cold season from november to march is followed by hot season which lasts till the onset of the south-west monsoon. The monsoon withdraws by 15 September and is followed by the Post-monsoon or the transition period.

The average rainfall over the district as a whole is 55 cm. It generally increases from south or south-west to east or north-east. Over 70 per cent of the annual rainfall is received during the monsoon months of July to September. July and August are the rainiest months, together accounting for over 50 per cent of the annual rainfall. Per-monsoon rainfall in June constitutes just about 10 per cent of the annual normal. Some precipitation, constituting about 10 per cent of the annual rainfall, is also received during the winter months of December to Februrary in association with western disturbances which pass across the district or its neighborhood from west to east, affecting the weather over the district in this season. The variation in annual rainfall from year to year is large. In 48 years during 1901 to 1948, Jind which is the only station in the district with a long period of rainfall record, had 220 per cent of the annual normal rain in 1933 and only 29 per cent in 1939. Considering the rainfall in individual years during 48 years, it was less than 80 per cent of the annual normal in 15 years, including one spell of consecutive 5 years and one of consecutive two years. The average number of rainy days for the district is only 25 out of which 18 days are confined to the months of June to September and 4 days to the winter months of December to March. This shows that rainfall occurs mainly as showers. The heaviest rainfall recorded in the district in 24 hours was 225.5 mm at Jind on 11th July 1953.

There is no meteorological observatory in the district, On the basis of records of the observatories in the neighboring districts where similar climatic conditions prevail, it is stated that from the beginning of March, temperature increases rapidly till June which is generally the warmest month. The mean daily maximum temperature during June is around 41C and the mean daily minimum around 27C. The heat in summer in intense. On individual days, the day temperature may occasionally exceed 47 or 48 C. Scorching dust laden winds which blow during the hot season render the weather very tiring. Afternoon thunder showers which occur on some days bring some relief although only temporarily. With the onset of the monsoon by the end of June or beginning of July there is a drop in the day

temperature but the nights are nearly as warm as in June. Due to the increase humidity in the air, the weather is oppressive between the rains. After the withdrawal of the monsoon by about the middle of September there is a decrease in temperature, the fall in the night temperature being more rapid. After October both day and night temperature decreases rapidly. January is usually the coldest month with the mean daily maximum temperature at about 21 C , and the mean daily minimum at about 6 C in the cold season. Particularly in January and February, cold winds in the wake of passing western disturbances affect the district and the minimum temperature occasionally drops down to below the freezing point ofwater.

### 2.0 Indicative Gap Analysis and Action Plans for complying with Waste Management Rules

### (i) Solid Waste Management

a. Current status related to solid Waste management

	Urban Local bodies	No of Wards	No of Households	Population	Solid Waste Generated
					per day
1	Municipal corporations (Nagar Nigam or MahanagarPalika)	-	-	-	-
2	Municipalities (MC Jind)	31	45434	227170	102.22 TPD
	MC Narwana	23	19800	68299	26 TPD
	MC Julana	13	5138	25690	11.56 TPD
	MC Uchana	13	6500	26000	11.7 TPD
	MC Safidon	17	7832	39108	19.16 TPD
3	Nagar panchayats (Town area Councils)	-	-	-	-

	Local Bodies	No of Village	No of Households	Population	Solid Waste Generated per day
		Panchayats/			
		Blocks			
2	Block /Taluk / Mandal Tehsils				
3	Village/Gram Panchayats				

### b. Identification of gaps and Action plan: 1. Segregation

S.	Action points	identificati	Action Plan	Responsible	Timeline f	or completion	n of action pla	n		
No	For villages /blocks/ town municipalitie s / City corporations	on of gap		agencies	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
(i)	Segregation of waste at source	Whether segregation at source practiced by households and other waste generators	Action plan to achieve segregation at source. Awareness programs, incentives, etc. may be considered	•DDPO. •ULB		Yes 100%	Yes 100%	Yes 100%	Yes 100%	Yes 100%

### 2. Sweeping

S. No.	Action points For villages /blocks/	identification of gap	Action Plan	Responsible agencies		Timeline for completion of action plan					
	town municipalitie s / City corporations				DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwan a	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana	
(i)	Manual Sweeping	Example:- % or length of road not covered for regular sweeping - Gaps in manpower - Gap in availability of sweeping tools/ equipment - Availability of suitable PPEs	Action plan for reducing gap including method cleaning, frequency of sweeping etc.	ULB DDPO	There is no gap in the man power as per posts sanction by Director Panchaya t.	Yes (All Roads of MC Limit are covered by manual sweeping.)	Yes (All Roads of MC Limit are covered by manual sweepin g.)	Yes (All Roads of MC Limit are covered by manual sweeping.)	Yes (All Roads of MC Limit are covered by manual sweeping.)	Yes (All Roads of MC Limit are covered by manual sweeping.)	
(ii)	Mechanical Road Sweeping &Collectio n	Gapsifanyinachie vingtargetedate or length ofroadidentifiedf orMechanicalRoa dSweeping	Projectgro wth /intendan dactionpla nwithtimel ine	DDPO ULB	In panchaya t streets are been sweeping manually	Yes (1 Sweeping Machine is used)	Not required being small MC	Not required being small MC	Not required being small MC	Not required being small MC	

### 3. Waste Collection

S. No.	Action points For villages	identification of gap	Action Plan	Responsible agencies	Timelin	e for completio	on of action pl	an		
	/blocks/ town municipalitie s / City corporations				DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
(i)	100% collection of solid waste	Whether 100% collection achieved?	Action plan to improve existing collection	ULB DDPO	NIL	Yes 100%	Yes 100%	Yes 100%	Yes 100%	Yes 100%
(ii)	Arrangement for door to door collection	Arrangement for door to door provided: % of blocks/ wards covered	lf there is gap, action plan for door to door collection across the district	ULB DDPO	NIL	100% of 31 wards covered under Door to Door collection.	100% of 23 wards covered under Door to Door collection.	100% of 17 wards covered under Door to Door collection	100% of 13 wards covered under Door to Door collection	100% of 13 wards covered under Door to Door collection
(iii)	Waste Collection trolleys with separate compartment s	Check availability and adequacy and if it needs up gradation	Action plan for procureme nt if required	ULB DDPO	NIL	10 Nos. of Waste Collection trolleys	3 Nos. of Waste Collection trolleys	3 Nos. of Waste Collection trolleys	3 Nos. of Waste Collection trolleys	6 Nos. of Waste Collection trolleys

S. No.	Action points For villages /blocks/ town municipalitie s / City corporations	identificatio n of gap	Action Plan	Responsible agencies	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
(iv)	Mini Collection Trucks with separate compartment s	Check if adequate or needs up gradation or not required	Action plan for procuremen t if required	DDPO ULB	NIL	31 Nos. of Mini Collection Trucks	10 Nos. of Mini Collection Trucks	04Nos. of Mini Collection Trucks	01Nos. of Mini Collection Trucks	No mini truck for waste collectio n.
(v)	Waste Deposition centres (for domestic hazardous wastes)	Number of deposition centres required and nos available Or Any alternate arrangement.	Details of existing practice and scope for improvemen t or implement adequate system	DDPO ULB	NIL	1 Waste Depositio n centres (for domestic hazardou s wastes) at MRF point and Tie-up with divya medical waste	1 Waste Depositio n centres (for domestic hazardou s wastes)	1 Waste Deposition centres (for domestic hazardous wastes)	1 Waste Deposition centres (for domestic hazardous wastes)	1 Waste Depositio n centres (for domestic hazardou s wastes)

### 4. Waste Transport

S. No.	Action points For villages	identificati on of gap	Action Plan	•	Timeline for completion of action plan						
	/blocks/ town municipalitie s / City corporations				DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana	
(i)	Review existing infrastructur e re for waste Transport.	[Check (i)whether existing fleet is adequate (ii) check whether segregated waste transport possible, etc.	Action plan for short- comings identified	ULB DDPO	NIL	47 Nos of vehicles for transportati on of waste	13 Nos of vehicles for transportat ion of waste	07Nos of vehicles for transporta tion of waste	04Nos of vehicles for transporta tion of waste	06 Nos of vehicles for transportat ion of waste	

S. No.	Action points For villages /blocks/ town municipalitie s / City corporations	identificati on of gap	Action Plan	Responsible agencies	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwan a	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
(ii)	Bulk Waste Truck	[check adequacy]	[action plan for procur ement if require d	ULB DDPO	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required
(iii)	Waste Transfer points	[check whether available / adequacy	[action plan for installa tion if require d	ULB DDPO	Not required	Not required as the agency agreement to collect waste from house holds	Not required as the agency agreeme nt to collect waste from house holds	Not required as the agency agreeme nt to collect waste from house holds	Not required as the agency agreement to collect waste from house holds	Not required as the agency agreement to collect waste from house holds
(iv)	Vehicles for collection of waste, status of compartment alization and GPS system				NIL	47 Vehicles compartmenta lization and GPS system	13 Vehicles compart mentaliz ation and GPS system	04 Vehicles compart mentaliz ation and GPS system	07 Vehicles compartm entalizatio n and GPS system	06 Vehicles compartme ntalization and GPS system
(v)	Transportati on of solid waste				NIL	Yes daily	Yes daily	Yes daily	Yes daily	Yes daily

### 5. Waste Treatment and Disposal

Sr. No.	Action points For	Identification of gap	Action Plan	Responsible agencies	Timeline for completion of action plan						
	villages /blocks/ town MCs / City corporatio ns				DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana	
(i)	Wet-waste Manageme nt: On-site compostin g by bulk waste generators (Authority may decide on requireme nt a s per Rules)	Whether number of bulk waste generators identified for installation	Action for getting onsite compos ting plants commis sioned	ULB DDPO	NIL	29 Nos. of By bulk waste generators are used for on site composting	15 Nos. of By bulk waste generators are used for on site compostin g	15 Nos. of By bulk waste generators are used for on site compostin g	3 Nos. of By bulk waste generators are used for on site compostin g	There is no bulk waste generator.	

Sr. No.	Action points For villages /blocks/ town MCs / City corporatio ns	Identification of gap	Action Plan	Responsible agencies	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
(ii)	Wet-waste Manageme nt: Facility(ies) for centralBio methanatio n / Composting of wets waste.	Whether facility exists / functional / needs upgradation?	lf not action plan for develop ing / upgrad ation of bio- methan ation or compos ting facility	ULB DDPO	NIL	67 Nos of pits available for composting of wet waste	15 Nos of pits available for compostin g of wet waste	10 Nos of pits available for compostin g of wet waste	15 Nos of pits available for compostin g of wet waste	18 Nos of pits available for compostin g of wet waste

Sr. No.	Action points For villages /blocks/ town MCs / City corporatio ns	Identification of gap	Action Plan	Responsible agencies	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
(iii)	Dry-Waste Manageme nt: Material Recovery for dry- waste fraction	Whether MRF facility exists? / is there any arrangement to sending the drywaste to any common MRF or sent to Waste to energy plant or % Dry-waste converted as RDF or Need to set-up own Waste to Energy plant?	Action plan for use of dry segrega ted waste in MRF operati on	ULB DDPO	NIL	2 MRF	1 MRF	1 MRF	1 MRF	1 MRF

Sr. No.	Action points For villages /blocks/ town MCs / City corporations	Identificati on of gap	Action Plan	Responsible agencies	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
(iv)	Disposal of inert and no recyclable wastes: Sanitary Landfill	Does the agency still disposing waste in dumpsites? Whether sanitary landfill available? / Plan for constructing sanitary landfill or arrangement with ULBs	Action plan (i) to construc t sanitary landfill lf required (ii) Action plan to minimis e land filling	ULB DDPO	NIL	1TPD	NA	NA	NA	NA
(v)	Remediatio n of historic /legacy dumpsite	Whether existing old dumpsite if any required remediation as per rules?	Action plan for remediat ion of legacy / historic dumpsit e.	ULB DDPO	NIL	2.8 lakss Lagacy Watse, 01 laks remediated only 1.8 laks pending.	Tender in process	100% done	Tender in process	Tender in process

Sr. No.	Action points For villages /blocks/ town MCs / City corporations	Identificati on of gap		Responsibl e agencies	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
(vi)	Involvement of NGOs	Whether involvemen t of NGOs envisaged	NGOs can be involved for managem ent of solid waste campaign	ULB DDPO	NGOs of city is only involved in IEC	NGOs of city is only involved in IEC	NGOs of city is only involved in IEC			
(vii)	EPR of Producers: Linkage with Producers / Brand Owners	As per rules, producers and brand owners should facilitate in collection of packaging waste	Action plan for linkage of all producer s/brand owners or their PROs for collection of plastic waste		No producer brand owner in town	No producer brand owner in town	No producer brand owner in town	No producer brand owner in town	No producer brand owner in town	No producer brand owner in town

Sr. No.	Action points For villages /blocks/ town MCs / City corporation s	Identificati on of gap	Action Plan	Responsible agencies	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
(viii)	Authorisatio n of Waste Pickers	Yes/No	List of authorise d waste pickers should be available	ULB DDPO	NIL	Yes 46 Nos of waste pickers identified	Yes 04 Nos of waste pickers identified	Yes 13 Nos of waste pickers identified	Yes 10 Nos of waste pickers identified	Yes 07 Nos of waste pickers identified
(ix)	Preparation of own by- laws to comply with SWM Rules 2016	Yes/No	lf not prepared action plan for preparation of by- laws which may be applicable in cantonment Board jurisdiction	ULB DDPO	NA	Yes By-laws notified	Yes By- laws notified	Yes By- laws notified	Yes By- laws notified	Yes By-laws notified

<b>(</b> x <b>)</b>	Garbage Vulnerable Points	Responsible	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
	(GVPs)	Agencies					
a.	No. of GVPs Identified	ULB	5	10	1	3	4
b.	* No. of GVPs removed	ULB					
	* Steps taken to convert the						
	15.2 vacated places after						
	removing						
	GVPs_ into sitting places,						
	playgrounds, parks, gardens						
	or any other useful usages		5 removed	10 removed	1 removed	3 removed	4 removd
C.	Timelines to remove the	ULB	Removed	Removed	Removed	Removed	Removed
	pending						
	GVPs						

(xi)	On-site composting of	Responsible	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
	horticulture waste in Parks &	Agencies					
	Institutions	UU D					
a.	No. of parks within Municipal	ULB	10	_			-
	limits		40	5	3	1	2
b.	No. of compost pits required in	ULB					
	Parks.		40	4	1	1	5
C.	No. of compost pits provided in	ULB	10	1	1	1	5
	the parks						
d.	Gap, if any	ULB					
e.	Timelines to complete 100%	ULB	31.12.2023	31.12.2023	31.12.2023	31.12.2023	31.12.2023
	parks						
	with compost pits or any other						
	mode						
	of treatment of wet waste.						
f.	No. of Institutes in the city	ULB	110	30	15	10	25
g.	No. of   institutes doing on_ site	ULB					
	composting		5	4	3	2	6
h.	Timelines to complete 100%	ULB	31.12.2023	31.12.2023	31.12.2023	31.12.2023	31.12.2023
	Loe? institutes with compost						
	pits or any						
	other mode of treatment of wet						
	waste						

### (ii) Plastic waste Management (a) Current status related to Plastic waste management

	Urban Local bodies	Estimated quantity of Plastic Waste Generated per daY
1	Municipal corporations (Nagar Nigam or MahanagarPalika)	-
2	Municipalities (MC Jind)	10 TPD
	MC Narwana	<u>2.5</u> TPD
	MC Safidon	1.5 TPD
	MC Uchana	0.8 TPD
	MC Julana	0.8 TPD
3	Nagar panchayats (Town area Councils)	<u>-</u>

Γ		Local Bodies	Plastic Waste Generated per day
	2	Block /Taluk / Mandal Tehsils	-
	3	Village/Gram Panchayats	-

### (b) Identification of gaps and Action plan:

S.	Action points	ldentification	Action	Agencies	Target tim	e for Compl	iance			
No.	For villages / blocks/ town municipalities / City corporations	of gap	Plan	Responsible	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
1.	Door to Door collection of dry waste including PW	[100%]/ [partial %] [not initiated	lf not 100 %, action plan for door to door collectio n of SW	• ULB • DDPO	NIL	100% dry waste is collected per day including PW	100% dry waste is collected per day including PW	100% dry waste is collected per day includin g PW	100% dry waste is collected per day including PW	100% dry waste is collected per day including PW

Sr. No.	Action points For villages / blocks/ town municipalities / City corporations	ldentification of gap	Action Plan	Agencies Responsi ble	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
2.	Facilitate organised collection of PW at Waste transfer point or Material Recovery Facility	This infrastructure is linked to SW management. May check gaps with respect to: Availability of transfer points and material recovery facility Involvement of informal sector / NGO. Registering waste pickers Linkage with PW recyclers involvement of producers and brand- owners	Within the district outline specific plans for Each villagepan chayat/blo ck/ municipality / Nasarpanc havat/ Corporatio ns for plastic waste collection	• ULB • DDPO	NIL	2 MRF	1 MRF	1 MRF	1 MRF	1 MRF

Sr. No.	Action points For villages / blocks/ town municipalities / City corporations	ldentification of gap	Action Plan	Agencie s Respons ible	DDPO	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
3.	PW collection Centres	Local Bodies may set-up own centres and also involve producers and brand-owners or their PROs to facilitate setting up of collection centres.	Plastic waste collection centre should be establishe d in adequate numbers. Coordination with State Urban Departme nt may be necessary	• ULB • DDPO	NIL	2 Nos. of PW collection Centres	1 Nos. of PW collection Centres	1 Nos. of PW collection Centres	1 Nos. of PW collection Centres	1 Nos. of PW collection Centres
4.	Awareness and education programs implementation	Review existing gaps in creating awareness among public for minimising and recycling PW	Education through mass media, schools, Producer / brand owner campaigns and other channels	• ULB • DDPO	NIL	Yes awarenes s and education programs implemen ted by Saksham Yuva and SBM-U team	Yes awarenes s and education programs impleme nted by Saksham Yuva and SBM-U team	Yes awarenes s and education programs implemen ted by Saksham Yuva and SBM-U team	Yes awareness and education programs implement ed by Saksham Yuva and SBM-U team	Yes awareness and education programs implemente d by Saksham Yuva and SBM-U team

5.	Access to Plastic	Check if	Check if	• ULB	. NIL	Agreement	Agreement	Agreeme	Agreeme	Agreeme
	Waste Disposal	District has	PW	• DDPO		made with	made with	nt made	nt made	nt made
	Facilities	access to PW	recycling			door to	door to	with door	with door	with door
		recycling /	facilities			door	door	to door	to door	to door
		utilization or	available			collection	collection	collection	collection	collection
		disposal	at			agency for	agency for	agency	agency	agency
		facilities	reasonable			disposal of	disposal of	for	for	for
			distance;			plastic	plastic	disposal	disposal	disposal
			Channel			waste	waste	of plastic	of plastic	of plastic
			for					waste	waste	waste
			sending							
			PW							
			Collected							
			to cement							
			plants for							
			processing							
			Availability							
			of waste							
			plastic oil							
			producing							
			facilities;							
			Linkage							
			with PWD							
			for usage							
			of PW in							
			road							
			making.							
			Action							
			plan at							
			district							
			should							
			involve							
			Urban and							
			Rural							
			Local							
			bodies							

### (iii) C & D Waste Management (a) Current status related to C & D Waste

Details of Data Requirement	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
Total C & D waste generation in	5 TPD	0.8 TPD	0.5 TPD	0.2 TPD	0.2 TPD
MT per day (As per data from					
Municipal Corporations /					
Municipalities)					
Does the District has access to C&D	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
waste recycling facility?					

### (b) Identification of gaps and Action plan:

S.	Action	Ldentification	Action	Responsible		Timeline for	completion of act	tion plan	
No.	points for blocks / town MCs / City corporati	of gaps	Plan	agency	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
1.	ons Arrange ment for separate collectio n of C&D waste to C&D waste depositio n point.	Check gaps w.r.t: Separate collection point of C&D Waste Identification of common C&D waste deposition points	Action plan for every local body in district. District may identify commo n C&D waste deposit ion points	ULB	Yes separate collection point is available at town	Yes separate collection point is available at town	Yes separate collection point is available at town	Yes separate collection point is available at town	Yes separate collection point is available at town

No. p v b to n it c	Action points For villages / plocks/ cown municipal ties / City corporati ons	ldentification of gap	Action Plan	Agencies Responsible	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
lc an h. C. an ir p sy b g w g w g w g w g w sy b g w w g y m 2 m o i an ir ir p sy b i f ir i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Whether ocal authority have fixed user fee on C&D waste and ntroduced permission system for pulk waste generators who generate nore than 20 tons or nore in one day or 800 tons per project n a nonth?	Check gaps with respect to: Local by-laws to pay user fee implementation of a system to permit bulk generators (>20 tons in one day or 300 tons per project)	Common by- laws may be implemented in District. Local C&D waste management plans can be integrated to develop common collection and recycling facilities	ULB	Yes notified in news paper	Yes notified in news paper	Yes notified in news paper	Yes notified in news paper	Yes notified in news paper

Sr. No	Action points For villages / blocks/ town municipal ities / City corporati ons	ldentification of gap	Action Plan	Agencies Responsible	MC Jind	MC Narwan a	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
3.	C&D recycling Facility	Check whether district has any C&D waste recycling facility	Action plan for setting up C&D recycling facility in the District or ,tie-up with any other district or ULB for setting up common facilities. Plan should ensure viable operation of C&D plant including assured market for C&D products.	ULB	Tie-up with Kissan Tiles	Very small quantity and used in low lane areas	Very small quantity and used in low lane areas	Very small quantity and used in low lane areas	Very small quantity and used in low lane areas
4.	Usage of recycled C&D waste in nonstructu ral concrete, paving blocks, lower layers of road pavements , colony and rural roads	ls there any policy on usage or promotion on usage of C&D waste?	Local authority may make give appropriate incentives on usageofC&D waste. A% of usage in public works may be specified / any other scheme.	ULB	Paver Block	Very small quantity and used in low lane areas	Very small quantity and used in low lane areas	Very small quantity and used in low lane areas	Very small quantity and used in low lane areas

Sr. No	Action points For villages / blocks/ town municipal ities / City corporati ons	ldentification of gap	Action Plan	Agencies Responsible	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
5.	ICE on C&D waste managemen t	ls there any sustained system of creating awareness created among local communities.	Action plan for awareness and education	ULB	No ICE facility available,	No ICE facility	No ICE facility	No ICE facility	No ICE facility

### (iv) Biomedical Waste Management a. Current Status related to biomedical waste

Inventory of BMW in the District	Quantity
Total no. of Bedded Healthcare Facilities	178
Total no. of non-bedded HCF	59
No. of HCFs authorised by SPCBs/PCCs	237
No of Common Biomedical Waste Treatment and Disposal Facilities	NIL
(CBWTFs)	
Capacity of CBWTFS	NIL
No. of Deep burials for BMW if any	NIL
Quantity of biomedical waste generated per day	238 Kg/day
Quantity of biomedical waste treated per day	238 Kg/day

### Responsible S. Action points ActionPlan Timeline for completion Gaps of action plan No. agency inventory and identification No gap, inventory of all HCFs Any new HCF identified is being The Inventorization of **HSPCB** 1. HCFs already done and of Healthcare Facilities generating biomedical waste added to inventory time to time further it is an ongoing is being checked on regular and is a ongoing activity process/activity basis and any new HCF identified is being added to inventory. HSPCB Adequacy of facilities to There is no gap as all HCFs in Already installed 01 No. Currently adequate facility 2. already available in the treat biomedical waste District Jind are having Common Bio Medical Waste district Jind as per plan Linkage with 01 No. CBWTF Treatment Facility (CBWTF) (M/s Haat Supreme, Karnal) occupied with Incinerator approved by State and presently treatment having residence time of 2 Government and capacity of CBWTF is seconds, shredders with consideration of Central adequate and more than the autoclaving facilities, in district **Pollution Control** lind waste generated. Already done, Phasing-out the use of chlorinated plastic bags. No deep burial and open littering of Bio Medical Waste done in the district. Tracking of BMW The Bar Code system will be **HSPCB** Action plan under process. Plan for implementation of bar 3. implemented after code system by all HCFs and CBWTFS in the district is under finalization of rate with concern agency at Head process. Direction issued to Office level rest of the HCFs to adopt the Bar code system. Training sessions are The training of all the staff is Health **Regular** activity 4. Awareness and education organised for all ongoing process regularly. Department, of healthcare staff stakeholders Haryana

### (b) Identification of gaps and Action plan:

5.	Adequacy of funds	Adequate funds is allocated to Government health care facilities for biomedical waste management by State Govt.	Ensuring adequate funds to Government health care facilities for bio-medical waste management by State Govt.,	Health Department, Haryana	
6.	Compliance to Rules by HCFs and CBWTFs.	Regular Checking of HCFs and CBWTF to ensure compliance of BWM Rules, 2016. No gap	Quarterly Inspection of CBWTF and regular inspections of HCF's is being carried out.	НЅРСВ	Regular activity
7.	District Level Monitoring Committee	District Level Monitoring Committee to be constituted and meetings organised	Periodicity of reviews and follow up by DLMC. and setting up teams in health department to monitor compliance.	Health Department & HSPCB	01 No. of DLMC meeting held in Jind District
8.	Wastewater Treatment	Currently all HCFs are having connection with terminal treatment capacity facility.	Regular inspection of HCFs to check requirement of ETP and connection with terminal treatment facility.	HSPCB	Currently all HCFs are having connection with terminal treatment capacity facility

### (v) Hazardous Waste Management a. Current Status related to Hazardous Waste Management

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status	
No of Industries generating HW	59	
Quantity of HW in the district	29014 MT/Annum	
(i) Quantity of Incinerable HW	NIL	
(ii) Quantity of land-fillable HW	14MT/Annum	
(iii) Quantity of Recyclable / utilizable HW	29000MT/Annum	
No of captive/common TSDF	NIL	
Contaminated Sites or probable contaminated sites	NIL	

# b. identification of gaps and action plan:

S.	Action points	Gaps	ActionPlan	Responsible	Timeline for completion of
No.				agency	action plan
1.	Regulation of industries and facilities generating Hazardous Waste	All hazardous waste industries are identified and 39 No. of units have been authorised under HOWM Rules, 2016. Currently there is no gap.	All 59 units have obtained authorization under HOWM Rules, 2016. The Hazardous waste is being disposed off through GEPIL, TSDF site at Pali, Faridabad. HSPCB is monitoring during inspection of industries regarding the quantity of Hazardous waste generation w.r.t. process of industries and operation of ETP by industries.	HSPCB	Already done
2.	Establishment of collection centres	Check district has collection centers for hazardous wastes with linkage to common TSDFs / recyclers	Local authority should ensure that adequate number of collection centers should be established and are linked to Common TSDFS.	HSPCB	Door to Door collection by GEPIL

3.	Training of workers involved in handling / recycling / disposal of HW	ldentify facilities / industries engaged in recycling / pre- processing / disposal of hazardous waste in the district.	Action plan to train the workers on safety aspects through Department of industries as per provisions under HOWM Rules,20L6	Additional Director Health and Safety Department	Ongoing Process
4.	Availability / Linkage with common TSDF or disposal facility	Check if the generators of HW have access to common TSDF in the State?	Action plan to ensure all generators are linked to TSDF I Action plan in case there is no TSDF in the district or State - in such case evaluate existing storage and captive disposal facilities through SPCBs/PCCs	HSPCB	TSDF already available in State and all Hazardous waste generating industries in the district are having linkage with TSDF.
5.	Contaminated Sites	Are there any sites where soils / sediments/ groundwater contaminated due to dumping of industrial wastes	Action plan for identification of probable contaminated site, incidents of HW dumping, responsible parties for contaminated site etc. and to remediate contaminated sites.	HSPCB	No contaminated site in district Jind

### (vi) E-Waste Management Current Status related to E-Waste Management

Details of Data Requirement	MC Jind	MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
Inventory of E-Waste in MT/year	Under Process				
Collection centers established by ULBs in the District	Under Process				
Collection centers established by Producers or their PROs	Under Process				
No. of authorized E-Waste recyclers / Dismantler	No authorized e – waste recycler	No authorized e – waste recycler			

### b. Identification of gaps and action plan:

<b>S. No</b> .	Action points	Gaps	ActionPlan	Responsible	Dle Timeline for completion of action plan						
				agency	HSPCB	MC Jind	MC Narwan a	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana	
	Inventory / Generation of E-Waste / Bulk-waste generators	Inventorizatio n of bulk waste generators of EWaste need to be done for implementatio n of E-Waste Rules, 2016.	Inventoriza tion of bulk waste generators shall be done with the help of local administrat ion and	SPCB/ PCC & ULB	50 Nos. of Bulk consumer of E- waste identified and notice has been issued.	31.12.202 3	31.12.20 23	31.12.20 23	31.12.2023	31.12.202 3	

2.	E-Waste collection points	Availability of E-Waste collection points / call	ldentification / registering E- Waste collection	ULB	NA	E- waste collection point develope	- waste collectio n point develope	- waste collectio n point develope	- waste collection point developed	- waste collection point developed
		centres / kiosks in villages - Blocks / /towns / cities	centres in association with Producers - their PROs or Recyclers			d soon by MC	d soon by MC	d soon by MC	soon by MC	soon by MC
3.	Linkage among Stakeholders to channelize E-Waste	District administration needs to collect information on collection centers established by Producers /PROs. Administration need also to channelize E- waste collected in District.	Action plan to establish linkages between ULBs / Collection Centres of Producers and PROs / SPCBs / bulk waste generators / Recyclers / SPCBs / District Administration / Public	ULB HSPCB	There is 01 E- Waste recycler in the district Jind .	No big E- waste generator in town	No big E- waste generato r in town	No big E- waste generato r in town	No big E- waste generator in town	No big E- waste generator in town

4.	Regulation of illegal E-Waste recycling / dismantling	There is no such Illegal E- Waste recycling / dismantling facilities existing in district Jind	No Gap. However, Action plan in coordination with SPCBs/PCCs and District Administratio n to check this activity.	HSPCB	action as per p	policy of the bo	oard is taken a			
5.	Integration of informal sector	No mechanism exists for bringing informal sector into main stream in collection and recycling of EWaste	Evolving mechanism by involving producers / PROs Identification of group of informal sector viz. Rag Pickers, Electronic/Ele ctrical Repair Shops involved in collection of E- Waste and channelization of the same in to main stream with the help of local administration and ULBs	ULB	No informal sector in town	No informal sector in town	No informal sector in town	No informal sector in town	No informal sector in town	No informal sector in town

	-	-	1	-		•				
6.	Awareness	Awareness	special	HSPCB	Awareness	Awareness	Awareness	Awareness	Awareness	Awareness
	and	programmes	workshops	& ULB	programs	programs	programs	programs	programs	programs
	Education	for	and awareness		are being	are being	are being	are being	are being	are being
		stakeholders	campaigns		conducted	conducted	conducted	conducted	conducted	conducted
		and informal	through		and is an	by Saksham	-	by	by Saksham	by Saksham
		sectors	Producers /		ongoing	yuva and	Saksham	Saksham	yuva and	yuva and
		involved in	PRO		activity.	SBM-U	yuva and	yuva and	SBM-U	SBM-U
		EWaste	Conducting of			team time	SBM-U	SBM-U	team time	team time
		collection	special			to time in	team time	team time	to time in	to time in
		needs to	workshops			town	to time in	to time in	town	town
		done.	and awareness				town	town		
			campaigns							
			through							
			Producers/PR							
			Os							
			Dissemination							
			of∙							
			information							
			about							
			collection							
			centers							
			established in							
			the District							
			website.							

### **3.0 Air Quality Management**

# a. Current Status related to Air Quality Management

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status
Number of Automatic Air Quality monitoring stations in the district.	01 No. CAAQMS installed at Antodya Bhawan Building, BDPO Office, 1 <sup>st</sup>
- Operated by SPCB / State Govt / Central govt./ PSU agency :	floor, Mini Secretariat, Jind (Haryana)
- Operated by Industry:	Website link to check Air Quality Index =
	https://app.cpcbccr.com/AQI India/
Number of manual monitoring States operated by SPCBs	01 No. Manual stationinstalled at M/s Haryana Leather Chemical, Plot No.
	72-77, HSIIDC, Industrial estate , Jind
Name of towns / cities which are failing to comply with national	NIL
ambient air quality stations	
No of air pollution industries	Industries = 135
	Brick Kiln = 141
Prominent air polluting sources [Large lndustry]/ [Small lndustry]/	Small Industry, Brick Kiln, Stubble Burning, waste burning, dust from
[Unpaved Roadsl / [Burning of Waste Stubble] / [Brick Kiln / industrial	roads.
Estatel / [others] (Multiple selection)	

# b. Identification of gaps and action plan:

S. No.	Action points	Indicative Action Plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan				
1.	Identification of prominent air polluting sources?	Carry out inventory of air pollution sources in District including hotspots or areas of concern pertaining to air	• HSPCB	Inventory of Air polluting Industries is already done and also the new industry added to the list.				
		pollution in association	• DDA	Total farming families in District	1,10,000			
		with SPCBs/PCCs may		Total cultivable area:	240930 Hec			
				Area under Paddy cultivation	141263 Hec			
				Area under Basmati Paddy :	66399 Hec			
				Area under non-basmati and hybrid Paddy	74864 Hec			
				The estimated paddy straw production/year @	775000 Tons (Balance paddy			
				6.2 tones per hectare:	harvested through manual)			
				Villages are red zone (> 6 AFLs)	20			
			Note: The action plan has been prepared for a paddy straw through in-situ and ex-situ.	awareness management of				
2.	Ambient Air quality data?	Plan to get access to available air quality monitoring stations in the District operated by both Public and private agencies.	HSPCB	Ambient Air quality data Available through digit and CPCB website.	al display Board, on Sameer App			

3.	Setting up of	Like weather station,	HSPCB	One CAAQMS in District Jind already installed
	Continuous	District may also have		
	Ambient Air	ambient air quality		
	Quality	monitoring at major		
	Monitoring	urban settlements or		
	Station	Populated areas.		
		Action Plan may propose		
		setting up at least one		
		CAAQMS in District.		
		Also access data		
		generated by CAAQM		
		stations installed by		
		other pvt/public		
		agencies. District		
		authority in association		
		with local office of		
		SPCB/PCC should also		
		ensure that at least one		
		manual Air Quality		
		monitoring station is		
		available in each city.		
		[District admin may set-		
		up its own network of		
		CAAQMS or manual		
		stations		

4.	District Level Action Plan for Air	Action plan should be prepared for both improvement of existing								d to check use					
	Pollution	air quality as well as for non-attainment days to national ambient air	• DDA	Compreh Ex-situ M		-	traw has been p	repared t	hrough:	-					
		quality standards.		Sr.no	Nan	ne of Unit		Quantity	in (Toni	nes)					
	Measures may include multi sectoral approach for air pollution control		1	Jind	Bio Energy LLP	,	1,00,000	Tons							
			Total				1,00,000	Tons							
	such as promotion of public transport, use of			B- Throu	gh In-si	tu Management	I								
	green fuels, E-mobility; LPG based cooking, carpeting open				Sr. n	Sr. no.	Comp	onent	Capacity of str management p (in tones)		· ·	y of straw to be ed (in tones)			
			areas/kerbs, etc. Action plans envisaged in NCAP project initiated by								1	1	(2323	Machinery I-Indusual) I-CHC)	30 Ton
		MOEF &CC may be		Machinery Availability- Sufficient											
	referred]	referred]	ferred] •RTA	vehicles. All vehicl	e owne	-				and petrol / petrol to CNG,					
			• ULB				ling during swee	eping of ro	oad.						
				MCJi	nd	MC Narwan a	MC Uchana		IC ana	MC Safidon					
				02	2	01	01	0	1	01					

5.	Hotspots of	hotspot with	• HSPCB	There is one industrial area in Jind town and one in Narwana town. All the air polluting
	air pollution	respect to air		industries are being monitored on a regular interval of time and ensured to have installed
	in District	pollution (such as		and run their APCMs regularly.
		stubble burning,	• DDA	There is total 20 villages are identified for Red Zone and 33 Villages for Yellow Zone out of
		illegal waste		total 305 villages in district Jind
		burning,		
		unauthorized		
		operations, cluster	• ULBs	NIL
		activities, forest		
		fires etc.) should be		
		identified and		
		localised action		
		plan for mitigation		
		of the same should		
		be prepared		

6.	Awareness	Plan for	• HSPCB						
	on Air	dissemination of		and through					
	Quality	information on				-	n the district for awareness along with		
		local air quality in		organising	seminars and awareness	s programm	les from time to time.		
		towns and cities							
		located in District.		IEC Activi	ties plan				
		May consider developing Mobile	• DDA	Sr.no.	Name of activity	Nos.	Action to be taken		
		App / Online portal		1	Awareness Camp	305	Completed		
	for dissemination of air quality as			2	Wall Painting	25	Completed		
		well as to take		3	Mobile Van	3	Each for sub Division		
		complaints on local		Monitorin	g Mechanism		·		
		air pollution.		• On	e Nodal Officer for over	rall monitor	ing with Control Room		
				• Fly	ing squads/ monitoring	g teams are o	constituted at Sub Division, Block and village		
				lev	els.				
				• Tw	o officers are appointed	d in red zone	e areas for monitoring.		
				• Jin	d Agri -straw burning w	hats app gr	oup created for AFL Reporting.		
				• Us	ing of SMS compulsory	for Combin	e Harvester for in Situ Management of Straw.		
				• No	awarded.				
				• Storage spaces for paddy bales will be identified by gram panchaya					
				• Wi	de Publicity among the	farmer thro	ugh Awareness Camps, Mobile Van, Wall		
				Pa	inting, Posters etc.				

### 4.0 Water Quality Management

### 4.1 Water Quality Monitoring a. Current Status related to Water quality Management

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status
Rivers	Nil
Length of Coastline (if any)	NA
Nalas/ Drains/Creeks meeting Rivers	There are 49 No. Drain under the jurisdiction of YWS circle Jind out of
	these 23 No. Drain of Jind W/S Division, Jind and 26 No. Drain of
	Safidon W/S Division, Safidon.
Lakes / Ponds	191 Ponds
Total Quantity of sewage from towns and cities in District	44.73 MLD
Quantity of industrial wastewater	0.689 MLD
Percentage of untreated sewage	NIL
Details of bore wells and number of permissions given for	-
extraction of groundwater	
Groundwater polluted areas if any	NIL
Polluted river stretches if any	NIL

## b. Identification of gaps and action plan for water quality monitoring:

S. No.	Action points	Gaps and Action Plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1	inventory of water bodies	All data of water bodies (rivers / canals / natural drains I creeks / estuaries / groundwater / ponds / lakes / etc.) under the jurisdiction of Irrigation department YWS Circle JIND is properly maintained.	Irrigation Department, Pond water Authority	All data of water bodies (rivers / canals / natural drains I creeks / estuaries / groundwater / ponds / lakes / etc.) under the jurisdiction of Irrigation department YWS Circle JIND is properly maintain. https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/10 Bl8L3L-r9u- ulSSNlzv4Pn9t6i2 Rd5/edit?usp=sharing&ou id=108922024306523211183&rtpof=true&s d=true https://docs.google.com/document/d/115Tl xiY6hUWKd3aSgFQXG49DPE6QT3Xf/edit?us p=sharing&ouid=108922024306523211183 &rtpof=true&sd=true https://docs.google.com/document/d/1vdH ZqL27U1jv jYSUyrBFhUadB5lUQo- /edit?usp=sharing&ouid=108922024306523 211183&rtpof=true&sd=true
2	Quality of water bodies in the district	Check availability of data on water bodies. Create a district level monitoring cell for periodic monitoring of water bodies for	Irrigation Department,	-
		specific parameters in association with SPCBs.It is also necessary to disseminate information pertaining to water quality in the form of hoardings on river banks, official websites, etc.	HSPCB	Ground Water quality monitoring of designated points is done on quarterly basis ( <u>https://hspcb.gov.in/PDGWM</u> )
3	Hotspots of water contamination	Check trends of water quality and identify hotspot of surface water and ground water. Establish a system or separate cell to monitor water quality. Implementaction points for restoration of water quality in association with SPCBs and department of environment.	HSPCB	No point source/ hotspot of surface/ ground water contamination

4	Protection of river / lake water front	Action plan should be prepared for control river side open defecation, dumping of Solid waste on river banks, for idol immersion etc.	Irrigation Department	There is no river /lake under the jurisdiction of YWS Circle, Jind.
			ULB	Not Applicable as there is no river bank/ lake waterfront with ULB's.
5.	Inventory of sources of water pollution	Check whether inventory of all sewage and wastewater discharge points into water bodies in the district. Action plan to complete	Irrigation Department	-
	F	inventory.	DDPO	Not Related to DDPO. This is related to XEN, Panchayati Raj.
6.	Oil spill disaster management (for coastal districts)	Whether district oil spill crisis management group and District Oil Spill Disaster Contingency Plan has been created? If not, create District Oil Spill Crisis Management Group and District Oil Spill Disaster Contingency Plan for the district	Not Applicable	1

7.	Protection of flood plains	Check whether there is regulation for protection of flood plain encroachment? Action plan should be prepared for protection	Irrigation Department,	There is no river in District Jind.
		flood plain and prevention of encroachment.	ULB	Not Applicable
			DDPO	Regular checking to avoid entering solid waste in water bodies and clean everyday
8.	Rejuvenation of groundwater	Check availability of groundwater and if required prepare action plan to rejuvenate ground water in selected areas, Action plan	ULB,	26 Nos. of Rain water harvesting systems are installed.
	groundwater	should be prepared for Rain water harvesting	DDPO	NA
9.	Complaints redressal system	Check whether there is any complaint redressing system based on Mobile App I Online, is available? If not, a complaint redressing system based on Mobile App / Online should be available at district level	Irrigation Department,	CM Window
			НЅРСВ	CM Window, PG Portal, SMGT and Sameer app

4.2 Domestic Sewage a. Identification of gaps and action plan for treatment of domestic sewage

Details of Data	Jind		Narwana	Safidon	Uchana	Julana
Requirement						
	PHED	HSVP	PHED	PHED	PHED	PHED
No of Class-ll towns and above	1	1 fully developed	1	1	1	1
No of Class-l towns and above		Nil				
No of Towns STPs installed	3 Nos.	1	3 Nos.	1 Nos.	2 Nos.	1 Nos.
No of Towns needing STPs	1	1	1	1	1	1
No of ULBs having partial underground sewerage network	1 No.	In one town	1	1	1	1
No of towns not having sewerage network	Nil	Nil				
Total Quantity of Sewage generated in District from Class ll cities and above	19.92 MLD	7 MLD	8 MLD	3.87 MLD	2.44 MLD	2.5 MLD
Quantity of treated sewage flowing into Rivers (directly or indirectly)		Indirectly				
Quantity of untreated or partially treated sewage (directly or indirectly)		NIL				
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes		NIL				
Total available Treatment Capacity	27 MLD	10 MLD	9.25 MLD	9 MLD	3.5 MLD	4 MLD

S. No	Action points	Gaps and Action Plan	Responsible agency	Timeline	for completion of a	iction plan			
	r · · ·			MC Jind		MC Narwana	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
				HSVP	PHED	PHED	PHED	PHED	PHED
1	Sewage Treatmen t Plants (STPs)	Check whether existence capacity of STPs is adequate for treatment of sewage? If no, action plan for additional treatment capacity required should be prepared in association with ULBs / department of UD,	• PHED • HSVP	1 No. 10 MLD	No Gap capacity of STPs is adequate	No Gap capacity of STPs is adequate	No Gap capacity of STPs is adequate	No Gap capacity of STPs is adequate	No Gap capacity of STPs is adequate
2	Undergro und sewerage network	Check available sewerage network and prepare Action plan for laying of sewerage network in town and cities. The project may be executed through ULBs and Department of UD.	• PHED • HSVP	100% covered	463 Km. sewer already exist and balance sewer line work is being executed by ULB Department under AMRUT Project which is to be completed upto 31/03/2024 as per revise timeline applied by concerned Department.	119 Km. sewer in Narwana Townalready exist	99 KM sewer in Safidon Town already exist.	49 KM sewer in Uchana Town already exist	55 Km. sewer in Julana Townalrea dy exist

## b. Identification of gaps and action plan for treatment of domestic sewage:

3	Laying of sewerage network	%age of the area covered under sewerage system,	• PHED	100% covered	90% of city is covered under sewerage system	90% of city is covered under	92% of city is covered under	No Gap	94% city covered	of is 1
	in the towns	gap and timeline for completion	• HSVP		and balance sewer line work is being executed by ULB Department.	sewerageand balance sewer line work is under progress.	seweragean d balance sewer line work is under progress and timeline of work completion date is 30.10.2023.		under sewera nd bala sewer work under progres and timeline work comple n date 31.12.2	ince line is ss e of tio is

a. Current Status related to industrial Wastewater	a. Current Status related to industrial Wastewater Management							
Number of Red, Orange, Green and White industries in the District	Red = 40, Orange =273 Green = 59							
No of industries discharging wastewater	57							
Total Quantity of industrial	689.25 KLD							
Quantity of treated industrial wastewater discharged into Nalas / Rivers	NIL							
Common Effluent Treatment Facilities	01							
No of Industries meeting Standards	51							
No of Industries not meeting discharge Standards	05 (Closed by Board)							

### b. Identification of gaps and action plan for industrial wastewater:

<b>S. No</b> .	Action points	Gaps and Action Plan	Responsible	Timeline for completion of action plan
			agency	
1.	Compliance to discharge norms by industries	Regular inspection and sampling of water polluting industries is carried out and 06 Nos. of units have been closed by HSPCB and amount of Rs. 55.06 Lacs as Environment Compensation has been imposed for violating the norms. All units have installed the flow meter	HSPCB	Regular activity
2.	Complaint redressal system	at inlet/out of ETPs. No gap is there.CM Grievances Redressal andMonitoring System, Haryana isavailable for lodging any publiccomplaint. District Public Relation andGrievance Redressal Committee is alsoworking on public grievances	НЅРСВ	CM Window, PG Portal, SMGT and Sameer app available. No gap

### **6.0 Plantation Drive**

25	Plantation activities	Responsible	DFO	MC Jind	MC	MC Safidon	MC Uchana	MC Julana
		Agency			Narwana			
25.1	Number of trees	DFO, ULB	234610	600	300	250	280	210
	planted last year							
25.2	Number of trees to	DFO, ULB	792333	450	1500	100	350	300
	be planted in current							
	year							
25.3	Number of trees	DFO, ULB	385875	400	1500	100	350	300
	planted till now in			in Parks &				
	current year			Commercial	Commercial	Commercial	Commercial	Commercial
				Area in MC				
				Limit	Limit	Limit	Limit	Limit

# 7.0 Mining Activity Management plan

a. Current Status related to Mining Activity Management				
Details of Data Requirement	Existing Mining operations			
Type of Mining Activity	No mining activity held in district Jind			
No of licenced Mining operations	NIL			
in the District				
Area covered under mining in	0			
the District				
Area of Sand Mining	NIL			
Area of sand Mining	NIL			

	b. Identification of gaps and action plan:						
S. No.	Action points	Gaps and Action Plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan			
1.	Monitoring of Mining activity	A district level task team may be identified to identify mining activity and to monitor status wither respect to environmental compliance	Mining Department	No mining activity held in district Jind			
2.	Inventory of illegal mining if any mining	Action plan to identify illegal sand and other mining activity in the District through surveillance, patrolling and enforcement. District Level task Force may be constituted for control of illegal mining activity	Mining Department	NIL			
3.	Environment compliance by Mining industry	Action plan for periodic verification of compliance to environmental conditions stipulated by SPCBs/PCC, MOEF & CC department of mines etc. SPCBs/PCC may be involved in this activity.	Mining Department	NIL			

# 8.0 Noise Pollution Management plan

## a. Current Status related to Noise Pollution Management

Details of Data Requirement	Measurable Outcome
No. of noise measuring devices available with various agencies in	01
district	

	b. ldenti	fication of gaps and action plan:				
S.	Action	Gaps and Action Plan	Responsible	Timeline for completion	of action plan	
No.	points		Agency			
				HSPCB	ULBs	Traffic Police
1.	Availability of Sound/Noise Level Meters.	Currently, No Noise meter is available at present. HSPCB office for district Jind is under establishment in District Jind. Requirement of Noise meter has been sent to Head Office for procurement.	ULB, HSPCB, Traffic Police,	Noise level meter is available	NA	-
2.	Ambient Noise Level monitoring.	Currently, No Noise meter is available at present. HSPCB office for district Jind is under establishment in District Jind. Requirement of Noise meter has been sent to Head Office for procurement.	ULB, HSPCB, Traffic Police	No Ambient Noise meter is available at present.	NA	-

S. No.	Action points	Gaps and Action Plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan		
				HSPCB	ULBs	Traffic Police
3.	Signboards in Noise zones	Signboard provided at Community centres, and marriage places.	ULB, Traffic Police	-	Done	-
4.	Complaint redressing system	CM Grievances Redressal and Monitoring System, Haryana is available for lodging any public complaint. More over Social Media Grievance track (SMGT) is also working in the District. District Public Relation and Grievance Redressal Committee is also working on public grievances.	ULB, HSPCB, Traffic Police/RTA	Regular Activity	Regular Activity	Regular Activity
5	Restriction on the use of pressure horns in vehicles	Appropriate action to be taken against vehicle owners found using pressure horns. Strict Implementation of provisions of Central Motor Vehicle, Rules, 1989:- Rule 119- Challaning of vehicles using Pressure horns with a penalty of Rs 10000 per vehicle. Rule 120- All vehicles plying on the roads shall mandatorily have silencers installed on them.	Traffic Police/RTA	-	-	Regular Activity

### **9.0 Other Environmental Issues**

Sr.	Action points	Responsible	
no.		Agencies	
а	Management of solid waste and liquid waste generated from unauthorized	ULB	There is no unauthorised in MC Area.
	colonies/residential		No Gap
	complexes/commercial complexes developed by private developers	DTP	-
		DDPO	Households/commercial complex owner Manage at their own level
b	Management of carcasses in the rural area	DDPO	In every Gram Panchayat particular land is Decided for this type of Waste Called Hadda Ruddi

### **10.0 Good practices**

Good environmental management practices are those techniques, measures and actions that can be implemented by public administrations to minimize their direct and indirect impact on the environment. The District Administration of Jind always makes efforts for adopting best environment management practices. Some of them are enlisted below:

- 1. Installed one number Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station at Jind City for real time monitoring of Ambient Air Quality as per National Ambient Air Quality Standards. One display board reflecting real time data regarding different parameters is installed at prominent location i.e. Mini Secretariat.
- 2. All 204 Health care facilities including government, private hospital, clinic, diagnostic centre, veterinary hospital, occupation health centre, ESI centre etc. has obtained the Biomedical authorization as per Biomedical Waste Rules, 2016.
- 3. All the 39 industrial units engaged in Hazardous waste generation have obtained the Hazardous waste authorization as per Hazardous and Other Waste Rules, 2016. Further the digital online manifest system is adopted by all these unit for transportation of Hazardous waste to CHWTDF.
- 4. Total 11 Sewage Treatment Plants and 01 Common Effluent Treatment Plant installed having treatment capacity of 62.75 MLD sewage water and 0.1 MLD industrial waste water respectively.
- 5. To avoid and reduce the smog during the winter seasons water sprinkling and spraying is done by ULBs, Industries, Construction Sites, PHED and other departments.
- 6. Regular Tree Plantation Derives are conducted by various Industries, NGOs, farmers, District Administration along with HSPCB regional Office and Forest Department.
- 7. Real Time monitoring of Stubble Burning incidents conducted through Satellite by Haryana Space Applications Centre (HARSAC) along with HSPCB regional Office and District Administration.
- 8. For the environmentally sound management of domestic solid waste; 100% door to door collection is achieved by all Urban Local Bodies of Jind District.

- 9. For the enforcement of Plastic Waste (Management and Handling) Rules 2016 and Haryana Government, Urban Local Bodies Department notification dated 20.08.2013; challan are regularly conducted by Jind District administration.
- 10. Mechanized Road sweeping machines are regularly used to reduce the air pollution by Municipal Council, Jind.
- 11. The Jind District is an open defection free district (ODF).
- 12. To reduce the vehicular pollution well managed traffic system is adopted with Parking facilities, traffic light systems, PUC Certificate checking etc. by traffic police. To avoid overloading and further compliance of Motor vehicle Rules regular checking is done by Regional Transport Office/ Authority, Jind.
- 13. All the industries in Jind District are using only legal/approved fuels as per the HSPCB Order 4023- 4076, dated 12.12.2018.

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